Moodle Administration

The majority of standard Moodle functions, including module editing and rollover, are covered by the Moodle: Essentials training guide. This document covers options available to the “School Administrator” role. This role is designed for administrative staff within schools who are involved in the management of modules in SDS, and therefore have the necessary information and contacts to make decisions about Moodle modules.

Module & Delivery Management: The DA pages

Moodle’s Connect interface can be found at https://moodle.kent.ac.uk/201x/local/connect or as a link to the “DA pages” [Departmental Administrator] in the hamburger menu on the left of the Moodle front page. This can only be accessed by those with the “School Administrator” role in a category.

Connect lists all modules and deliveries appropriate to you, according to your academic school. The following options are available:

- **Unprocessed** – Shows all deliveries marked as running for the current academic year in Module Session Running in SDS, which have not been created yet as Moodle modules.
- **Processing** – Shows any changes you have recently requested, such as merges, pushes and deletions, which have not yet finished processing. Once processing has finished, the delivery moves to...
- **Scheduled** - Shows any changes you have recently requested, such as merges, pushes and deletions, which have not yet happened.
- **Created in Moodle** – Shows all deliveries which have been created as Moodle modules.
- **Failed in Moodle** – Any changes which have gone wrong appear here.

The default view is “Unprocessed”, but you can select additional views by clicking the toggles. To show all statuses quickly, simply switch off “unprocessed”. To search the current view for a specific module, enter the module code in the search box. You can select a delivery or module just by clicking on it, and your selection is retained even when you change the search term, so you can easily select two modules/deliveries with completely different module codes.

“Pushing” modules

To push a module means to create one Moodle module from one unprocessed SDS delivery. You can push several modules at once by selecting them and clicking the “Push to Moodle” button in the actions box (right). This request will then be processed and scheduled, and the modules will be created in Moodle shortly.

Exceptions:

- If you select only one delivery then the button instead says “Edit to Moodle”, and you will have the option of changing the name and synopsis.
- If one of the selected deliveries matches an existing module or delivery with the same SDS code (for instance, in the case of Autumn and Spring-running deliveries), you will be asked to “edit” these to Moodle instead. As Moodle doesn’t allow modules to have the same short name, you’ll be
prompted to enter a three-figure identifier for the new module. You can choose any identifier for
the module but examples are “CAN” for Canterbury deliveries, “AUT” for autumn deliveries etc.
This will help you to discern between these modules when rolling over next year.

Merging modules
Sometimes it is preferable to merge two deliveries into one module, for instance, where a module is
 taught in both Medway and Canterbury but with the same teacher or content.

Note: it is not recommended to merge deliveries with different start dates, as this may lead to confusion
over deadlines. Instead, rollover the content of the Autumn-term delivery to the Spring-term delivery
when appropriate.

- To merge two unprocessed deliveries, select them both and then click “Merge to Moodle” in the
Actions box. The editing window will appear, allowing you to edit the name and synopsis as
appropriate.
- To merge two existing modules, delete both modules (see below), then refresh the page (F5 on
your keyboard) and merge as above.
- Where existing modules have content, decide which module will be retained (by viewing each
module, found in the Created in Moodle view) and delete the other, then merge as above. Note:
merging in this way does not allow you to change the name of the module, so you will need to edit
the module’s settings (see next section) to rename it, and update the title in the top section of the
module.

A “merged” module (displayed below), has an additional icon to expand its contents to display the
linked deliveries. Deleting the module will unlink both deliveries, whereas unlinking a single delivery
will remove the enrolments from that delivery but leave the module and other linked deliveries intact.

Manually creating modules
In some cases you may wish to create a module which isn’t linked to SDS. To do this:

1. Go to the relevant category by clicking the “Browse all modules” link on the Moodle home page,
then clicking on the category, e.g. “School of History”.
2. All the modules within this category will be listed on the resulting page. Scroll down to the bottom
of the page (or hit the “End” key on your keyboard), and click the “Add a new module” button.
3. Complete the resulting form. The only required fields are:
   - Module title, which should be brief but descriptive.
   - Supporting information, which the elearning team will use to decide whether Moodle is the
best place for the information. If you have already discussed your requirements with the
team, refer briefly to that conversation instead.
4. Click the “Save and return” button at the bottom of the page. Your request will be sent to the
elearning team who will approve or reject it within a few days.
Please note that the module will not be available to students and will have no enrolments, other than existing category enrolments.

The person requesting the module is given the Convenor role in the module, and can then enrol more staff and students as required.

School-wide modules

Many schools value the ability to have a single module, or several modules, available to all students within the school, or in a particular stage or section within the school. This allows cross-programme communication with and between students, and allows administrative resources to be shared, much like an intranet but with Moodle’s familiar interface. To create such a module, you first need to create a non-SDS-linked module (instructions above), then use the meta-enrolment or cohort option to add the users.

Enrolment

Category enrolment

Users can be assigned roles within a category to allow them to view or update all modules within the category. You can also assign other users the role of School Administrator so that they have the same permissions as you. To assign a role at category level:

1. Navigate to your category by either:
   - Clicking “Browse all modules” on the Moodle home page, then selecting your School from the resulting list.
   - Choosing a module, then using the breadcrumbs below the module title to browse to your School.
2. You are now in the category for your School. Use the context menu (cog icon) at the top right and choose Assign roles.
3. The available roles are displayed, with a description of each. Select the appropriate role.
4. In the Search box below the Potential Users column, type the surname of the person you wish to assign. Note: staff cannot usually be found by username, as Moodle only searches their name and email address. In addition, they must have logged into the relevant year’s Moodle at least once to be findable.
5. Select the required user and click the “Add” button.

Module Enrolment

The roles you can assign within a module depend on your own role, so teachers can only enrol students, convenors (and support staff) can enrol teachers and students, and you can enrol convenors, teachers and students. To manually enrol a user in a module:

1. In the appropriate module, choose Participants from the left hand menu under, then from the context menu (cog icon) select “Enrolled users”.
2. A list of currently enrolled users will be displayed.
   - You can assign an additional role to an existing user by clicking the Assign roles icon found on the right-hand side of the “Roles” column.
3. To enrol a new user, click the Enrol users button near the top of the page. A pop-up box will appear.
4. In the **Assign roles** drop-down list, select the appropriate role, e.g. ‘Student’.
5. Optionally, set any relevant **enrolment options**.
6. Search for the user by **surname** in **title case**, e.g. ‘Smith’ (students can also be found by username, but staff cannot, as this search only searches for name and email address).
7. Click on the user in the list that follows. Their name will appear in blue at the top of the window.
8. Click the **Enrol selected users and cohorts** button when you’re done.

### Meta and Cohort Enrolments

Manually-created modules do not take enrolment information from SDS/SITS. There are three commonly used methods to enrol students on these modules.

- Manually enrol students, one by one (as discussed above)
- Meta-enrolment. This links a manually-created module’s enrolments to an SDS-linked module’s enrolments. More than one SDS-linked module may be linked to one manual module.
- Cohort enrolment. Cohorts are produced automatically by Moodle as users login, building separate lists of all users in a School, all staff in a School, all students in a School, all undergraduates and all postgraduates in a School.

Both meta and cohort enrolment are dynamic. As new users are added to the SDS-linked module, they will be meta-enrolled onto the manual module, too. Cohorts automatically grow as users login to Moodle, and those users will be enrolled onto any manual module that links to the cohort.

### Meta-enrolment

There are two ways to add meta-enrolments. The first adds everyone enrolled on the academic module(s), staff and students, onto the manual module. The second allows you to exclude a role, so you might exclude teachers, adding only students to the manual module.

#### Method 1

- On the Moodle front page, from the left-hand hamburger menu, click **Meta Enrolments**.
- The next page shows a list of modules to which you have access - type into the filter box to limit the list shown (it will take a few seconds for the filter to take effect when the page first loads).
- Click on a module to manage its meta-enrolments. You will see a list of any current meta-enrolments.
- Click **Add enrolments**. The next page will take a few seconds to load fully.
- Select a module or modules to be linked - a tick will appear to show the modules selected, as in the screenshot below. The number of users on the source modules appear to the right of the module code/title.

- Click **Save**, at the bottom right.
Method 2
If you wish to exclude a role, so it is not enrolled onto the manually-created module, use the enrolment methods link, from within the module. This method is also useful if you do not have access to the meta-enrolments link in method 1.

- In Moodle, open the manual-created module.
- Click on the edit menu (cog icon) and choose more. On the page that follows, click on the users tab and then choose enrolment methods.
- Using the drop-down under Add method, choose Meta+ enrolments.
- Type into the box under 'Link course(s)' - this search may take a few seconds to update.
- Click on the course you want to take enrolments from.
- Repeat the search to link other courses as necessary.
- Below the search box, select a role to exclude from enrolment (they will remain enrolled on the original course).
- Hold the ctrl key while clicking to select multiple roles. To exclude students you need only include the 'Student (SDS)' and 'Student' roles. The most common staff roles are 'convenor', 'teacher' and 'support staff'.
- Click Add method.

Cohort Enrolment
A cohort must be linked from within the module.

- In Moodle, open the manual module.
- Click on the edit menu (cog icon) and choose more. On the page that follows, click on the users tab and then choose enrolment methods.
- Using the drop-down under Add method, choose Cohort sync.
- A form opens. First, give this synchronisation a name - based on the cohort to be included.
- From the drop-down list, choose a cohort. Scroll down to your School and choose the appropriate one from the list. This may include:
  - Schoolname (all users, staff and student, from that School)
  - Schoolname - pgrstudent (postgraduate research students)
  - Schoolname - pgtstudents (postgraduate taught students)
  - Schoolname - staff (all staff other than temp usernames)
  - Schoolname - tempstaff (staff on temp usernames)
  - Schoolname - ugtstudent (all undergraduates)
  - If no one from a particular group has logged in, that cohort will not exist - e.g. if no staff with temp usernames have logged in to Moodle, the cohort will not be created.
- Use the drop-down to assign a role. Be careful not to give an editing role (e.g. Teacher) to students.
- Click Add method.
Troubleshooting
If you find that anything isn’t working in Connect, first refresh the page (F5) and try again. If this still
doesn’t work then contact your FLT.
If there are other features you’d like to see in Moodle, or improvements to existing features, please
contact your FLT.

Please help us to improve our documentation by emailing elearning@kent.ac.uk with feedback.