During the 2014/15 academic year, the University of Kent is celebrating its 50th Anniversary. Find out more about our exciting plans on our website: www.kent.ac.uk/50

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Westgate Gardens, with their stunning riverside walk, are one of the city’s showpiece gardens. They are situated alongside the Westgate Towers, the largest surviving medieval city gate in England.

The ruined castle is amongst the most ancient in Britain, begun by William the Conqueror around 1070. It burnt to the ground in a spectacular fire in 1933 however you can still see the remaining metal work from the 1792 mill.

For nearly 150 years the second largest Canterbury building was the Abbot’s Mill, standing where St Radigund’s Street bridge now crosses a branch of the Great Stour. It burnt to the ground in a spectacular fire in 1933 however you can still see the remaining metal work from the 1792 mill.

In 597 St Augustine arrived in Kent and soon established the first cathedral. Between 1070 and 1077 the cathedral was rebuilt as a Norman church by Archbishop Lanfranc. Augustine’s original building lies beneath the floor of the nave.

The Old Buttermarket was known up until the mid-17th century as the Bull Stake, as bulls were fed overnight against a stake to be ‘baited’ by dogs, with the expectation that this would produce more tender meat. The slaughter area of the city, known as the shambles, was nearby in Butchery Lane.

The historic gardens, located within the city walls of Canterbury, date back to 1551. The gardens contain a mound believed to date from the first century AD.

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