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| 1      | Hobbies and pastimes 1 (describing your spare time activities and when you do these). | **Grammar:** Russian handwriting.  
Reading practice.  
- Hobby – хобби  
- to be keen on something – увлекаться  
- to be practicing something – заниматься  
- How do you like to spend your free time? – Чем Вам нравится заниматься в свободное время? | Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 2      | Hobbies and pastimes 2 (listening to a dialogue between two friends concerning their various activities). | **Vocabulary:** The continents of the world and cardinal directions.  
**Grammar:** Revision of the prepositional case.  
Nouns in the prepositional plural case.  
Reading practice.  
Listening practice.  
- I am keen on sport. – Я увлекаюсь спортом.  
- I go to the cinema once a month. – Я хожу в кинотеатр раз в месяц.  
- I like musicals and ballet. – Мне нравятся мюзиклы и балет. | Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 3      | Daily and weekly routine 1 (describing your regular activities, including activities at work or university, evening activities and weekend activities). | **Grammar:** Singular and plural adjectives in the prepositional case.  
The prepositional of personal pronouns.  
Reading practice.  
- Working day – рабочий день  
- weekend, day off - выходной день  
- holidays – отпуск/ каникулы  
- Do you work every day? – Вы работаете каждый день?  
- When are your holidays? – Когда Ваш отпуск/ каникулы?  
The prepositional case:  
- в старом университете – masculine  
- в большой библиотеке – feminine  
- в Чёрном море – neuter  
- об английских студентах - plural | Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 4 | Daily and weekly routine 2 (listening to a dialogue between two friends, in which they discuss their regularly daily activities). | Grammar: Revision of the genitive case. Nouns in the genitive plural case. Reading practice. Listening practice.  
- To have breakfast – завтракать  
- to have lunch – обедать  
- to have dinner/ supper – ужинать  
- to rest - отдыхать  
- How many hours a day do you work? – Сколько часов в день Вы работаете?  
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | At the theatre 1 (how to make enquiries, buy theatre tickets, terminology used at the theatre). | Grammar: Singular and plural adjectives in the genitive case. The genitive (accusative) of personal pronouns. Reading practice.  
- Box office - театральная касса  
- stage – сцена  
- performance – спектакль  
- When did you go to the theatre? – Когда ты был (была) в театре?  
- Do you go to the theatre often? – Ты часто посещаешь театр?  
The genitive case:  
- большого магазина – masculine  
- известной актрисы – feminine  
- Северного мора – neuter  
- маленьких городов – plural | Teacher's handouts and homework.  
| 6 | At the theatre 2 (listening to a dialogue between two students who want to visit a theatre). | Grammar: Revision of the accusative case. Nouns and adjectives in the accusative singular and plural case. Reading practice. Listening practice.  
- When does the ballet start? – Когда начинается балет?  
- Do you like ballet or opera more? – Тебе нравится балет или опера больше?  
The accusative case:  
- британского студента – masculine animate  
- русский журнал – masculine inanimate  
- романтическую поэму – feminine  
- широкое поле – neuter  
- английских журналистов – plural animate  
- испанские книги – plural inanimate | Teacher's handouts and homework.  
Course book ‘Confident Russian’, p.64, pp.239-240. |
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| 8   | Shopping for grocery 2 (listening to a dialogue between a sales-assistant and a customer at the grocery store). | Singular and plural adjectives in the dative case. The dative of personal pronouns. | Reading practice. | Vegetable – овощ  
fruit – фрукт  
potato – картофель  
tomato – помидор  
I would like to buy… Я хочу купить…  
| 9   | At the lost property office 1 (how to describe your lost item, providing information including the time and the place, in which you lost it). | Revision of the instrumental case. Nouns in the instrumental plural case. | Reading practice. | Lost property office – бюро находок  
to lose – потерять  
to leave/ forget – забыть  
What have you lost? - Что Вы потеряли?  
What was in the briefcase? – Что было в портфеле? | Teacher's handouts and homework. |
| 10  | At the lost property office 2 (listening to a dialogue between a lost property clerk and a tourist). | Singular and plural adjectives in the instrumental case. The instrumental of personal pronouns. | Reading practice. | Suitcase – чемодан  
wallet/purse – кошелёк  
key – ключ  
Describe it please. – Опишите его, пожалуйста.  
You are lucky, we have your briefcase. – Вам повезло, Ваш портфель у нас. | Course book ‘Confident Russian’, p.243. |
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| 11     | Visiting the doctor 1 (how to describe simple symptoms of your illness or injury referring to different parts of your body) | **Vocabulary:** The parts of the body.  
**Grammar:** The use of prepositions in Russian.  
**Reading practice.**  
**Speaking practice.**  
- Hospital – больница/ госпиталь  
- to become ill – заболеть  
- medicine – лекарство  
- prescription – рецепт  
- I need a doctor. – Мне нужен доктор.  
- I am ill. – Я болен/ больна.  
| Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 12     | Visiting the doctor 2 (listening to a dialogue between two friends, one of whom is ill) | **Grammar:** Dates and years.  
**Reading practice.**  
**Listening practice.**  
- What are you complaining of? – На что Вы жалуетесь?  
- I feel well (bad). – Я чувствую себя хорошо (плохо).  
- Get well soon! – Поправляйтесь!  
| Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 13     | Going on a business trip 1 (describing different types of industry, factories and plants, explaining the purpose of the business trip, the destination, the means of transport used, etc.) | **Grammar:** Imperative (command) form of verbs.  
**Reading practice.**  
**Speaking practice.**  
- Business trip – командировка/ деловая поездка  
- enterprise – предприятие  
- When are you going on a business trip? – Когда Вы едете в командировку?  
- Which enterprise are you going to? – На какое предприятие Вы едете?  
| Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 14     | Going on a business trip 2 (listening to a dialogue between two colleagues, one of whom is going on a business trip) | **Grammar:** Imperfective and perfective verbs.  
**Perfective future tense.**  
**Reading practice.**  
**Listening practice.**  
- Plant/ big factory – завод  
- factory – фабрика  
- industry – промышленность  
- Do you often go there? – Вы часто туда ездите?  
- How are you going there? – Как Вы едете туда?  
- Who are you going with on a business trip? – С кем Вы едете в командировку?  
| Teacher’s handouts and homework.  
| 15     | In a hotel 1 (how to book a hotel room, make enquiries) | **Grammar:** Reflexive and reciprocal verbs.  
**Reading practice.**  
**Speaking practice.**  
| Teacher’s handouts and homework. |
| 16 | In a hotel 2 (listening to a dialogue between a hotel receptionist and some tourists). | Grammar: Adverbs of position and direction. Reading practice. Listening practice.  
Check-in – заезд  
check-out – выезд  
At what time is the check-in? – Во сколько заезд?  
|---|---|---|---|
| 17 | A telephone conversation 1 (the structure of a telephone conversation, key phrases, how to begin, hold and finish a telephone conversation). | Grammar: Telling the time. Reading practice. Speaking practice.  
Who is speaking? – Кто это говорит?  
Is it possible to call Anna to the telephone please? – Можно Анну к телефону, пожалуйста?  
Call later please. – Позвоните позже, пожалуйста. | Teacher's handouts and homework.  
Course book 'Confident Russian', pp.205-206, 76-78. |
| 18 | A telephone conversation 2 (listening to a business related telephone conversation). | Grammar: Hours and minutes. Reading practice. Listening practice.  
Hours and minutes:  
Half – половина  
quarter – четверть  
midday – полдень  
midnight – полночь  
7.40 – без двадцати восемь  
6.30 – половина седьмого  
5.15 – четверть шестого  
9.20 – двадцать минут десятого | Teacher's handouts and homework.  
| 20 | Discussion of Russian culture, daily life and customs. | Grammar: Direct and indirect speech. Revision. | Teacher's handouts. Library and online resources. |