

```

> #Maple code for example 1 of paper Parameter Redundancy and Identifiability in Hidden Markov
    Models by D.J. Cole
> with(LinearAlgebra) :
> Dmat := proc(se, pars)
    local DD1, i, j;
    description "Form the derivative matrix";
    with(LinearAlgebra) :
    DD1 := Matrix(1 .. Dimension(pars), 1 .. Dimension(se)) :
    for i from 1 to Dimension(pars) do
        for j from 1 to Dimension(se) do
            DD1[i, j] := diff(se[j], pars[i])
        end do
    end do;
    DD1;
end proc:
> Hybrid := proc(D1, pars, minpars, maxpars, ret)
    local results, j, numpars, D1rand, ans, roll :
    description "This procedure finds the rank and alpha for the hybrid-symbolic-numeric method.
        If ret = 1 returns full results. Otherwise returns model rank.";
    results := Matrix(5, 2) :
    for j from 1 to 5 do
        roll := rand(minpars .. maxpars) :
        numpars := seq(pars[i] = evalf(roll( )), i = 1 .. Dimension(pars)) :
        D1rand := eval(D1, {numpars});
        results[j, 1] := Rank(D1rand);
        results[j, 2] := NullSpace(Transpose(D1rand)) :
    end do;
    if ret = 1 then
        ans := results :
    else
        ans := max(results[1 .. 5, 1]) :
    end if;
    ans :
end proc:
> Estpar := proc(DD1, pars, ret)
    local r, d, alphapre, alpha, PDE, FF, i, ans;
    description "Finds the estimable set of parameters for derivative matrix DD1. If ret = 1 returns
        alpha, PDEs, estimable parameter combinations. Otherwise returns estimable parameter
        combinations";
    with(LinearAlgebra) :
    r := Rank(DD1); d := Dimension(pars) - r :
    alphapre := NullSpace(Transpose(DD1)) :  $\alpha$  := Matrix(d, Dimension(pars)) : PDE :=
        Vector(d) :
    FF := f(seq(pars[i], i = 1 .. Dimension(pars))) :
    for i from 1 to d do
         $\alpha$ [i, 1 .. Dimension(pars)] := alphapre[i] :
        PDE[i] := add(diff(FF, pars[j])  $\cdot$   $\alpha$ [i, j], j = 1 .. Dimension(pars)) :
    end do;
    if ret = 1 then
        ans := <pdsolve({seq(PDE[i] = 0, i = 1 .. d)}), {alpha}, {PDE}> :
    elif ret = 2 then

```

```
ans := < {alpha}, {PDE} > :
```

```
else
```

```
ans := pdsolve( {seq(PDE[i] = 0, i = 1 .. d) } ) :
```

```
end if:
```

```
ans :
```

```
end proc:
```

```
> HMMexsum := proc( deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, st, T)
```

```
local i, m, Prodkappa, kappa
```

description "This procedure finds the exhaustive summary for a HMM. Inputs: vector and matrices of HMM, st = 1 if stationary, T no. data points";

```
m := Dimension(deltavector) :
```

```
kappa := Vector(T) :
```

```
if st = 1 then
```

```
Prodkappa := deltavector • eval( Gammamatrix, t = 1 ).eval( Pmatrix, t = 1 );
```

```
else
```

```
Prodkappa := deltavector • eval( Pmatrix, t = 1 );
```

```
end if:
```

```
kappa[1] := (Prodkappa • Matrix(m, 1, 1)) [1];
```

```
for i from 2 to T do
```

```
Prodkappa := Prodkappa.eval( Gammamatrix, t = i ).eval( Pmatrix, t = i ) :
```

```
kappa[i] := (Prodkappa • Matrix(m, 1, 1)) [1];
```

```
end do:
```

```
kappa
```

```
end proc:
```

```
> # Setting up matrices and vector that define the model
```

```
> m := 2 :
```

```
> deltavector := < delta[1] | 1 - delta[1] > ;
```

$$\text{deltavector} := \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 & 1 - \delta_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

```
> Gammamatrix := Matrix(m, m) :
```

```
for i from 1 to m do
```

```
for j from 1 to m - 1 do
```

```
Gammamatrix[i, j] := gamma[i, j] :
```

```
end do:
```

```
Gammamatrix[i, m] := 1 - add( gamma[i, j], j = 1 .. m - 1 ) :
```

```
end do:
```

```
> Gammamatrix
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_{1,1} & 1 - \gamma_{1,1} \\ \gamma_{2,1} & 1 - \gamma_{2,1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

```
> Pyvector := < seq( ( exp( -lambda[j] ) • lambda[j]^x[t] ) / x[t]!, j = 1 .. m ) > :
```

```
> Pmatrix := DiagonalMatrix( Pyvector );
```

$$Pmatrix := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_t}}{x_t!} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_t}}{x_t!} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

> # When there are 3 data points:

>

> T := 3 :

> kappa := *HMMexsum(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T);*

$$\kappa := \begin{bmatrix} \left[\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_1}}{x_1!} + \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_1}}{x_1!} \right] \\ \left[\frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} \gamma_{1,1}}{x_1!} + \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_1} \gamma_{2,1}}{x_1!} \right) e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_2} \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} (1 - \gamma_{1,1})}{x_1!} + \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_1} (1 - \gamma_{2,1})}{x_1!} \right) e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_2} \right) \right] \\ \left[\frac{1}{x_3!} \left(\left(\frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} \gamma_{1,1}}{x_1!} \right) \right) \right) \right. \right. \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_1} \lambda_2 \gamma_{2,1}}}{x_1!} \left. e^{-\lambda_1^{x_2} \lambda_1 \gamma_{1,1}} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1^{x_1} \lambda_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1})}}{x_1!} \right. \right. \\
& + \left. \left. \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_1} \lambda_2 (1 - \gamma_{2,1})}}{x_1!} \right) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_2} \lambda_2 \gamma_{2,1}} \right) e^{-\lambda_1^{x_3} \lambda_1} \\
& + \frac{1}{x_3!} \left(\left(\frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1^{x_1} \lambda_1 \gamma_{1,1}}}{x_1!} \right. \right. \right. \\
& + \left. \left. \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_1} \lambda_2 \gamma_{2,1}}}{x_1!} \right) e^{-\lambda_1^{x_2} \lambda_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1})} \right) \\
& + \frac{1}{x_2!} \left(\left(\frac{(\delta_1 \gamma_{1,1} + (1 - \delta_1) \gamma_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1^{x_1} \lambda_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1})}}{x_1!} \right. \right. \\
& + \left. \left. \frac{(\delta_1 (1 - \gamma_{1,1}) + (1 - \delta_1) (1 - \gamma_{2,1})) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_1} \lambda_2 (1 - \gamma_{2,1})}}{x_1!} \right) e^{-\lambda_2^{x_2} \lambda_2 (1 - \gamma_{2,1})} \right) \right) \\
& e^{-\lambda_2^{x_3} \lambda_2} \Bigg] \Bigg]
\end{aligned}$$

\triangleright \triangleright $pars := \langle \gamma_{1,1}, \gamma_{2,1}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \rangle;$

$$pars := \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_{1,1} \\ \gamma_{2,1} \\ \lambda_1 \\ \lambda_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

> $D1 := Dmat(kappa, pars) :$

> $r := Rank(D1); d := Dimension(pars) - r;$

$r := 3$

$d := 1$

(6)

> $T := 4 :$

> $kappa := HMMexsum(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T) :$

> $D1 := Dmat(kappa, pars) :$

> $r := Rank(D1); d := Dimension(pars) - r;$

$r := 4$

$d := 0$

(7)

>

>

> *# Local identifiability too complex to solve*

> *# solve({seq(kappa[i] = k[i], i = 1 ..4) }, {seq(pars[i], i = 1 ..4) });*

>

> $m := 3 :$

> $deltavector := \langle \delta_1 \delta_2 \mid 1 - \delta_1 - \delta_2 \rangle ;$

$$deltavector := \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 & \delta_2 & 1 - \delta_1 - \delta_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(8)

> $Gammamatrix := Matrix(m, m) :$

for i **from** 1 **to** m **do**

for j **from** 1 **to** $m - 1$ **do**

$Gammamatrix[i, j] := gamma[i, j] :$

end do:

$Gammamatrix[i, m] := 1 - add(gamma[i, j], j = 1 ..m - 1) :$

end do:

> $Gammamatrix$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \gamma_{1,1} & \gamma_{1,2} & 1 - \gamma_{1,1} - \gamma_{1,2} \\ \gamma_{2,1} & \gamma_{2,2} & 1 - \gamma_{2,1} - \gamma_{2,2} \\ \gamma_{3,1} & \gamma_{3,2} & 1 - \gamma_{3,1} - \gamma_{3,2} \end{bmatrix}$$

(9)

> $Pyvector := \left\langle seq\left(\frac{\exp(-\lambda[j]) \cdot \lambda[j]^{x[t]}}{x[t]!}, j = 1 ..m\right) \right\rangle :$

> $Pmatrix := DiagonalMatrix(Pyvector);$

$$Pmatrix := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_t}}{x_t!} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_t}}{x_t!} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{e^{-\lambda_3} \lambda_3^{x_t}}{x_t!} \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

> $T := 8 :$

> $kappa := eval(HMMexsum(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T), \{x[1]=1, x[2]=2, x[3]=1, x[4]=2, x[5]=1, x[6]=1, x[7]=1, x[8]=1\}) :$

> $indets(kappa)$

$$\left\{ \delta_1, \delta_2, \gamma_{1,1}, \gamma_{1,2}, \gamma_{2,1}, \gamma_{2,2}, \gamma_{3,1}, \gamma_{3,2}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, e^{-\lambda_1}, e^{-\lambda_2}, e^{-\lambda_3} \right\} \quad (11)$$

> $pars := \langle \gamma_{1,1}, \gamma_{1,2}, \gamma_{2,1}, \gamma_{2,2}, \gamma_{3,1}, \gamma_{3,2}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 \rangle :$

> $D1 := Dmat(kappa, pars) :$

>

> $indetpars := \langle \delta_1, \delta_2, \gamma_{1,1}, \gamma_{1,2}, \gamma_{2,1}, \gamma_{2,2}, \gamma_{3,1}, \gamma_{3,2}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 \rangle :$

> $Hybrid(D1, indetpars, 0.0, 1.0, 1)$

$$\begin{array}{c}
8 \left\{ \left[\begin{array}{c} -0.0710036094303968 \\ -0.259613765489724 \\ 0.878434532541952 \\ -0.0525664381999851 \\ 0.213494380567544 \\ -0.321742326441289 \\ -0.0448803938078468 \\ 0.0301987837126429 \\ 0.0335340183250897 \end{array} \right] \right\} \\
7 \left\{ \left[\begin{array}{c} -0.240210944722951 \\ 0.131340349510768 \\ -0.265675348649239 \\ 0.358236409408899 \\ 0.361523646941555 \\ -0.419070196651291 \\ -0.0472510500910235 \\ 0.00105395426216690 \\ 0.646203334211498 \end{array} \right], \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.377739285499986 \\ -0.383169934550079 \\ 0.346694185304037 \\ -0.381742706304043 \\ 0.467834688209981 \\ -0.472801842878501 \\ 0.0414571842441634 \\ 0.0197330669391829 \\ 0.00710713224621105 \end{array} \right] \right\} \\
8 \left\{ \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.325707227015121 \\ -0.276643510834436 \\ 0.449827173127426 \\ -0.292492990172497 \\ -0.343932228786572 \\ 0.635550407030166 \\ -0.0427947743955878 \\ -0.0371410560593432 \\ 0.0637337160722460 \end{array} \right] \right\} \\
8 \left\{ \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.361174493038883 \\ -0.531185076532133 \\ 0.106639486683413 \\ -0.311495563901396 \\ 0.414490819268559 \\ -0.458609301489467 \\ 0.0611094835309849 \end{array} \right] \right\}
\end{array}$$

(12)

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>
> T := 9 :
> kappa := eval(HMMexsum(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T), {x[1]=1, x[2]=2, x[3]
= 1, x[4]=2, x[5]=1, x[6]=1, x[7]=1, x[8]=1, x[9]=1}) :
> indets(kappa)

$$\{\delta_1, \delta_2, \gamma_{1,1}, \gamma_{1,2}, \gamma_{2,1}, \gamma_{2,2}, \gamma_{3,1}, \gamma_{3,2}, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, e^{-\lambda_1}, e^{-\lambda_2}, e^{-\lambda_3}\}$$


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(13)

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> pars := <gamma_{1,1}, gamma_{1,2}, gamma_{2,1}, gamma_{2,2}, gamma_{3,1}, gamma_{3,2}, lambda_1, lambda_2, lambda_3> :
> D1 := Dmat(kappa, pars) :
>
>
> indetpars := <delta_1, delta_2, gamma_{1,1}, gamma_{1,2}, gamma_{2,1}, gamma_{2,2}, gamma_{3,1}, gamma_{3,2}, lambda_1, lambda_2, lambda_3> :
> Hybrid(D1, indetpars, 0.0, 1.0, 1)

```

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & \begin{bmatrix} -0.0302880862737410 \\ -0.293803354961962 \\ -0.194504522870175 \\ -0.742910050099361 \\ -0.126494471217161 \\ -0.488484014945349 \\ 0.0337356773472763 \\ -0.0636263568925426 \\ -0.251417929281599 \end{bmatrix} \\ 9 & \emptyset \\ 8 & \begin{bmatrix} 0.0129185307853816 \\ -0.0651981497258576 \\ 0.178687754086673 \\ -0.424313561663699 \\ -0.404233387851155 \\ 0.670964402619706 \\ -0.0496659457670418 \\ -0.0410341591469710 \\ -0.407262361310401 \end{bmatrix} \\ 9 & \emptyset \\ 9 & \emptyset \end{bmatrix}$$

(14)

```

>
> # Setting up matrices and vector that define the model
> m := 2 :
> deltavector := <delta[1]1 - delta[1]>;

```


$$\text{deltavector} := \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 & 1 - \delta_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (15)$$

```

> Gammamatrix := Matrix(m, m) :
  for i from 1 to m do
    for j from 1 to m - 1 do
      Gammamatrix[i, j] := gamma[i, j] :
    end do:
    Gammamatrix[i, m] := 1 - add(gamma[i, j], j = 1 .. m - 1) :
  end do:
> Gammamatrix := eval(Gammamatrix, {gamma[1, 1] = 1 - c*pi[1, 2], gamma[2, 1] = c*pi[2, 1]});

```

$$\text{Gammamatrix} := \begin{bmatrix} -c\pi_{1,2} + 1 & c\pi_{1,2} \\ c\pi_{2,1} & -c\pi_{2,1} + 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$

```

> Pyvector := <seq(exp(-lambda[j]) * lambda[j]^x[t], j = 1 .. m)> :
> Pmatrix := DiagonalMatrix(Pyvector);

```

$$\text{Pmatrix} := \begin{bmatrix} e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-\lambda_2 x_2} \lambda_2^{x_2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (17)$$

```

> # When there are 3 data points:

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```

>
> T := 3 :
> kappa := HMMexsum(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T);

```

$$\kappa := \begin{bmatrix} \left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1) (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \lambda_2^{x_1} \right) \\ \left(\left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1) (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \lambda_2^{x_1} c\pi_{2,1} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_2} \lambda_1^{x_2} + \left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} c\pi_{1,2} + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1) (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \lambda_2^{x_1} (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1) \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_2} \lambda_2^{x_2} \right) \\ \left(\left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1) (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \lambda_2^{x_1} c\pi_{2,1} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_2} \lambda_1^{x_2} (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + \left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} c\pi_{1,2} + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1) (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \lambda_2^{x_1} (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1) \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_2} \lambda_2^{x_2} c\pi_{2,1} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_3} \lambda_1^{x_3} + \left((\delta_1 (-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1) c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \lambda_1^{x_1} (\right. \end{bmatrix} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1)(-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2^{\frac{x_1}{\lambda_2}} c\pi_{2,1}} e^{-\lambda_1^{\frac{x_2}{\lambda_1}} c\pi_{1,2}} \\
& + \left((\delta_1(-c\pi_{1,2} + 1) + (1 - \delta_1)c\pi_{2,1}) e^{-\lambda_1^{\frac{x_1}{\lambda_1}} c\pi_{1,2}} + (\delta_1 c\pi_{1,2} + (1 - \delta_1)(-c\pi_{2,1} \right. \\
& \left. + 1)) e^{-\lambda_2^{\frac{x_1}{\lambda_2}} (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)} e^{-\lambda_2^{\frac{x_2}{\lambda_2}} (-c\pi_{2,1} + 1)} e^{-\lambda_2^{\frac{x_3}{\lambda_2}} } \right) \Big]
\end{aligned}$$

> *indets*(kappa)

$$\left\{ c, \delta_1, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \pi_{1,2}, \pi_{2,1}, x_1, x_2, x_3, \lambda_1^{\frac{x_1}{\lambda_1}}, \lambda_1^{\frac{x_2}{\lambda_1}}, \lambda_1^{\frac{x_3}{\lambda_1}}, \lambda_2^{\frac{x_1}{\lambda_2}}, \lambda_2^{\frac{x_2}{\lambda_2}}, \lambda_2^{\frac{x_3}{\lambda_2}}, e^{-\lambda_1}, e^{-\lambda_2} \right\}$$

(19)

> *pars* := $\langle c, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \text{pi}_{1,2}, \text{pi}_{2,1} \rangle$;

$$\textit{pars} := \begin{bmatrix} c \\ \lambda_1 \\ \lambda_2 \\ \pi_{1,2} \\ \pi_{2,1} \end{bmatrix}$$

(20)

> *D1* := *Dmat*(kappa, *pars*) :

> *r* := *Rank*(*D1*); *d* := *Dimension*(*pars*) − *r*;

$$r := 3$$

$$d := 2$$

(21)

> *T* := 4 :

> kappa := *eval* $\left(\textit{HMMexsum}(\textit{deltavector}, \textit{Gammamatrix}, \textit{Pmatrix}, 1, T), \text{delta}[1] = \frac{1}{2} \right)$:

> *D1* := *Dmat*(kappa, *pars*) :

> *r* := *Rank*(*D1*); *d* := *Dimension*(*pars*) − *r*;

$$r := 4$$

$$d := 1$$

(22)

> *Estpar*(*D1*, *pars*, 1);

$$\left[\left[\left\{ f\left(c, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \pi_{1,2}, \pi_{2,1}\right) = \textit{_FI}\left(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, c\pi_{1,2}, c\pi_{2,1}\right) \right\} \right] \right],$$

$$\left[\left[\left[\left[-\frac{c}{\pi_{2,1}} \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad \frac{\pi_{1,2}}{\pi_{2,1}} \quad 1 \right] \right] \right] \right],$$

(23)

$$\left[\left[\left[- \frac{\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial c} f(c, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \pi_{1,2}, \pi_{2,1}) \right) c}{\pi_{2,1}} + \frac{\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_{1,2}} f(c, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \pi_{1,2}, \pi_{2,1}) \right) \pi_{1,2}}{\pi_{2,1}} + \frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_{2,1}} f(c, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \pi_{1,2}, \pi_{2,1}) \right] \right] \right]$$

> # Reparameterisation:

> $m := 2$:

> $deltavector := \langle \text{delta}[1] | 1 - \text{delta}[1] \rangle$;

$$deltavector := \begin{bmatrix} \delta_1 & 1 - \delta_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (24)$$

> $Gammamatrix := \text{Matrix}(m, m)$:

for i from 1 to m do

for j from 1 to $m - 1$ do

$Gammamatrix[i, j] := \text{gamma}[i, j]$:

end do:

$Gammamatrix[i, m] := 1 - \text{add}(\text{gamma}[i, j], j = 1 .. m - 1)$:

end do:

> $Gammamatrix := \text{eval}(Gammamatrix, \{\gamma_{1,1} = 1 - \text{beta}[1], \gamma_{2,1} = \text{beta}[2]\})$;

$$Gammamatrix := \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \beta_1 & \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 & 1 - \beta_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (25)$$

> $Pyvector := \langle \text{seq}(\exp(-\text{lambda}[j]) \cdot \text{lambda}[j]^{x_t}, j = 1 .. m) \rangle$:

> $Pmatrix := \text{DiagonalMatrix}(Pyvector)$;

$$Pmatrix := \begin{bmatrix} e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^{x_t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^{x_t} \end{bmatrix} \quad (26)$$

> $T := 4$:

> $\text{kappa} := \text{eval}\left(\text{HMMexsum}(deltavector, Gammamatrix, Pmatrix, 1, T), \text{delta}[1] = \frac{1}{2}\right)$:

> $\text{pars} := \langle \beta_1, \beta_2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \rangle$:

> $D1 := \text{Dmat}(\text{kappa}, \text{pars})$:

> $r := \text{Rank}(D1)$; $d := \text{Dimension}(\text{pars}) - r$;

$r := 4$

$d := 0$

(27)

> $\text{kappa}[1]$

(28)

$$\left[\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \right] \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{> kappa[2]} \\ & \left[\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} (1 - \beta_1) + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} \beta_2 \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_2} + \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_1 x_1} \beta_1 + \left(\frac{\beta_1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\beta_2}{2} \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_1} (1 - \beta_2) \right) e^{-\lambda_2 x_2} \right] \quad (29) \\ & \text{>} \end{aligned}$$